

Empirical Exergy Private Limited (EEPL)

Regd. Office: 18-E, Sudama Nagar, Indore - 452009, (M.P.)

Office (Indore): Flat No. G-2, 88, Aashirwad Apartment, Indrapuri, Indore (M.P.),

Contact: +91-731-4948831, Mobile: +91-78693-27256, 88713-68108

www.eeplgroups.com, email:- eempirical18@gmail.com

CIN No: U74999MP2018PTC045751

Ref No: EEPL/2018-19/JUNE/C-06

Date: 28/06/2018

ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT CERTIFICATE

This is certified that the Environmental audit was conducted at **Mewar University**, **Chittorgarh (Rajasthan)** dated 18/06/2018 to 21/06/2018 (Four Days) and the audit report has been submitted by **Empirical Exergy Private Limited (EEPL)**, **Indore**

We avail this opportunity to express our deep and sincere gratitude to the management for their wholehearted support and co-operations during the environmental audit.

This certificate is being issued based on the Environmental Audit conducted by EEPL.

For-Empirical Exergy Private Limited

Rajesh Kumar Singadiya (Director)

M.Tech (Energy Management),

Certified Energy Auditor [CEA-7271]

(BEE, Ministry of Power, Govt. of India)

Lead Auditor ISO50001:2011 [EnMS] from FICCI,

DelhiCertified Water Auditor (NPC, Govt of India)





ENVIRONMENT AUDIT REPORT

CONSULTATION REPORT



MEWAR UNIVERSITY

Gangrar Chittorgarh (Rajasthan)

PREPARED BY

EMPIRICAL EXERGY PRIVATE LIMITED

Flat No. 201, OM Apartment,214 Indrapuri Colony, Bhawarkuan,Indore – 452 001 (M. P.), India 0731-4948831, 7869327256 Email ID:eempirical18@gmail.com www.eeplgroups.com (2017-18)





CONTENT

Sr No.	Items				
I	Acknowledgement	3			
III	Green Monitoring Committee	4			
IV	The Audit Team				
V	Executive Summary	6			
Chapter-1	Introduction	7			
1.1	About University	7			
1.2	About University Campus	9			
1.3	Mewar University Layout of Various Buildings	12			
1.4	Environment Auditing	13			
1.5	Objective of Environment Audit	13			
1.6	Target Area of Environment Audit	13			
1.7	Methodology Followed for Conducting Environment Audit	14			
Chapter- 2	Water Consumption and Wastewater Sources	15			
2.1	Details of Source Fresh Water and Uses Area	15			
2.2	Power Measurement on bore well system	16			
2.3	Water Accounting & Metering System	17			
2.4	Water Storage Capacity In University Campus	18			
2.5	Water Uses Area In University Campus	19			
2.6	Details Of Ro In University Campus	20			
2.7	Fresh Water Uses for Gardening	21			
2.8	Waste Water Generation Sources of University Campus	22			
Chapter- 3	Rain Water Harvesting System	23			
3.1	About Rain Water Harvesting				
3.2	Rainwater Harvesting Potential In the university				





ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Empirical Exergy Private Limited (EEPL), Indore (M.P) takes this opportunity to appreciate & thank the management of Mewar University Gangrar Chittorgarh for allowing us to conduct an environmental audit for the university.

We are indeed touched by the helpful attitude and co-operation of all faculties and technical staff, who rendered their valuable assistance and co-operation during the study.

Rajesh Kumar Singadiya

(Director)





Green Monitoring Committee.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR MEWAR UNIVERSITY, GANGRAR, CHITTORGARH (RAJ.)

Ref. No.MU/RO (Admin)/2018/308 (A)

Date:- 17th March, 2018

OFFICE ORDER

<u>Sub:- Reconstitution of Green, Environment & Energy Auditing</u> <u>Committee.</u>

Green Audit, Environment Audit & Energy Audit Committee is reconstituted to conduct the necessary audit in due course. An Audit Committee is constituted with the following officials:-

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Committee
1	Dr. R C Tiwari	Professor / Dean Department of Agriculture	
2	Mr. Rakesh Kumar Singadiya	Director, Empirical Energy Pvt.Ltd.	External Auditor
3	Mr. K.K. Bhati	Asst. Professor, Department of Agriculture	Internal Auditor
4	Dr. Satish Kumar Ameta	Asst. Professor, Department of Life Science	Internal Auditor
5	Mr. Deepak Kumar Joshi	Asst. Professor, Department of Electrical Engineering	
6	Dr. Mohammad Ashid	Asst. Professor, Department of Chemistry	Member
7	Mr. Suraj Kumhar	Asst. Professor, Department of Electrical Engineering	Member
8	Mr. Brijesh Kumar Meena	Asst. Professor, Department of Agriculture	Member
9	Mr. H. Widhani	OSD	Member
10	Mr. Kripal Singh	Non-Teaching Staff	Member
11	Mr. Rajesh Sharma	Non-Teaching Staff	Member

Registatilly Mewaruniversity Gangrar, (Chittor 9 8 19)

Copy to:

- 1. PS to Hon'ble Chancellor (for kind information)
- 2. PS to Hon'ble President/Vice Chancellor(for kind information)
- 3. All Officers/Deans/Directors/Hod's
- 4. IT Section/Accounts Dept./All Staff
- 5. Coordinator IQAC Cell
- 6. Record File





OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR MEWAR UNIVERSITY, GANGRAR, CHITTORGARH (RAJ.)

Ref. No.MU/RO (Admin)/2018/308 (A)

Date:- 17th March, 2018

OFFICE ORDER

Sub:- Reconstitution of Green, Environment & Energy Auditing Committee.

Green Audit, Environment Audit & Energy Audit Committee is reconstituted to conduct the necessary audit in due course. An Audit Committee is constituted with the following officials:-

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Committee
1	Dr. R C Tiwari	Professor / Dean Department of Agriculture	Co-Ordinator
2	Mr. Rakesh Kumar Singadiya	Director, Empirical Energy Pvt.Ltd.	External Auditor
3	Mr. K.K. Bhati	Asst. Professor, Department of Agriculture	Internal Auditor
4	Dr. Satish Kumar Ameta	Asst. Professor, Department of Life Science	Internal Auditor
5	Mr. Deepak Kumar Joshi	Asst. Professor, Department of Electrical Engineering	Internal Auditor
6	Dr. Mohammad Ashid	Asst. Professor, Department of Chemistry	Member
7	Mr. Suraj Kumhar	Asst. Professor, Department of Electrical Engineering	Member
8	Mr. Brijesh Kumar Meena	Asst. Professor, Department of Agriculture	Member
9	Mr. H. Widhani	OSD	Member
10	Mr. Kripal Singh	Non-Teaching Staff	Member
11	Mr. Rajesh Sharma	Non-Teaching Staff	Member

Registably
Mewsarintyersity
Gangrar, (Chittorgagn)

Copy to:

- 1. PS to Hon'ble Chancellor (for kind information)
- 2. PS to Hon'ble President/Vice Chancellor(for kind information)
- 3. All Officers/Deans/Directors/Hod's
- 4. IT Section/Accounts Dept./All Staff
- 5. Coordinator IQAC Cell
- 6. Record File





The Audit Team

The study team constituted of the following senior technical executives from Empirical Exergy Private Limited,

- **♣ Mr. Rajesh Kumar Singadiya** [Director & Accredited Energy Auditor AEA-0284]
- **Mr. Rakesh Pathak**, [Director & Electrical Expert]
- **Dr. Suresh Kumar Soni** [Certified Energy Auditor & Energy Expert]
- **Mr. Sachin Kumawat** [Sr. Project Engineer]
- **♣ Mr. Lokesh Kumar Varma** [Project Engineer]
- **Mr. Mohit Malviya** [Fire safety Engineer]
- **♣ Mr. Aakash Kumawat** [Site Engineer]
- **♣ Mr. Ajay Nahra,** [Sr. Accountant & admin]





EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT

FRESH WATER MONITORING SYSTEM

- ♣ Installation of "Cloud based (IoT based) ground water extraction monitoring system" for bore well to quantify fresh water consumption per day in the university.
- ♣ Installation of water flow meters in distribution network, like gardening, administration block and other departments, hostels and mess, residential building, to quantity per day water consumption.

RAIN WATER HARVESTING SYSTEM

- ♣ There is good potential for rain water harvesting in university.
- ♣ Installation of rain water harvesting system on administration as well as other building in university is highly recommended.

OTHER SUGGESTIONS:

Some of the very important suggestions are: -

- ♣ Work towards creating and implementing a strategy to reduce the environmental impact of its purchasing decisions.
- ♣ Increase awareness of environmentally sustainable development in college campus.
- ♣ Involve all stakeholders and encourage involvement of government, foundations, and industry in supporting interdisciplinary research, education, policy formation, and information exchange in environmentally sustainable development.
- ♣ Collaborate for interdisciplinary approachesto develop interdisciplinary curricula, research initiatives, operations, and outreach activities that support an environmentally sustainable future.
- ♣ Arrange training programmes on environmental management system and nature conservation. Ensure participation of students and teachers in local environmental issues.
- **↓** Conduct seminars, workshops and exhibitions onenvironmental education.





CHAPTER-1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 About University

Mewar University is an autonomous body set up by the Government of Rajasthan through Act. No. 4 of 2009 passed by the Rajasthan Legislative Assembly (Government of Rajasthan). The University is recognized by the UGC u/s 2(f) of UGC Act with powers to confer degrees u/s 22(1) of the UGC Act, 1956 vide their letter no. F.9-15/2009(CPP-I) dated 30th March 2009. This is the only private and self-financed University in Rajasthan which is also approved by the UGC u/s 12B of the UGC Act vide their letter No. F.9-15/2009 (CPP-I/PU) dated15th October 2018. The University is also NAAC accredited.

Mewar University has never affiliated with any institution, nor has the University ever set up any study centre in any part of the country other than its main campus at Gangrar in Chittorgarh (Rajasthan).

Mewar University is promoted by the Mewar Education Society (MES). It is controlled by a Board of Management, constituted by the MES, which is headed by Chairperson Shri Ashok Kumar Gadiya, a great visionary, educationist, and nationalist, who translated his ideas and dreams of promoting higher education into reality by setting up institutes of learning in various subjects. In no time, he has carved out a niche for himself as an educationist, who believes in the inculcation of values through education in the young generation.

The group, under the able leadership of Dr.Ashok Kumar Gadiya and the active support and association of renowned academicians, experienced professionals, and technocrats, has established a chain of Institutes of higher education and learning:





♣ VISION:-

To develop a centre of excellence for technical, professional and vocational education and research at par with national and international standards.

MISSION:-

To develop the framework for effectively conducting various educational and research programmes of the highest standards to produce confident, self-reliant, and responsible youth for society and outstanding professionals for government, industry, and business. The mission is to "**Reach the Unreached**"

Objective:-

- * Provide easy access to high-quality education in Management, Engineering, as well as other academic & professional fields to its students, irrespective of their caste, creed, age, gender, region, or country, at an affordable cost.
- * To offer a conducive environment for pursuing research and vocational studies with a market-driven orientation.
- To expose students to new ideas, fresh vision, and pragmatic ambition and enhance their competency in the ever-changing business environment.
- To provide a flexible choice-based credit system of education and dual-degree programmes while flexible adopting modes of delivery to suit students' requirements of learning.
- ❖ To prepare and assist students in improving their future prospects through career counselling and placement support, on-the-job training, industrial visits, presentations, and group discussions.
- To Promote and practice a convenient distance education concept in India and abroad.
- * To spread job-oriented Skill Development education in rural and tribal areas





1.2 About Campus: -

Table 1.1 Details are the total build-up area given in the table:-

TOTAL	TOTAL GROUND COVERED. =20856.78 SQ.MT									
TOTAL OVERALL BUILT-UP ALL FLOORS AREA:- 76024.72 SQ.MT										
			FAR	AREA				BUILT	AREA	
S.NO	BLOCK	GROUND FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	FIRST FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	SECOND FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	THIRD FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT		GROUND FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	FIRST FLOOR SQ.MT	SECOND FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	THIRD FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT
1	ADMINISTRATIVE AND ACADEMIC BLOCK.	8890.84	8519.33	8675.24	8675.24		8966.05	9050.97	9206.74	9206.74
2	EDUCATION BLOCK	1062.08	1170.08	1062.08	1062.1		1193.08	1253.27	1126.29	1126.29
3	ENGINEERINGBLOCK	1979.9	11979.9	1979.9	0		2126.84	2093.74	2093.74	0
4	MEWAR HOSPITAL	1337.03	1337.03	0	0		1590.91	1590.91	0	0
5	BHAMASHAH HOSTEL	1382.11	1382.11	1382.11	1382.1		1601.64	1572.82	1572.82	1572.82
6	SANGA HOSTEL	1189.78	1189.78	1189.78	1189.8		1359.6	1341.62	1341.62	1341.62
7	KUMBHA HOSTEL	602.71	602.71	620.65	620.65		709.19	697.35	697.35	697.35
8	PRATAP HOSTEL	640.52	640.52	665.78	665.78		749.38	739.64	739.64	739.64





			FAR	AREA			BUILT	AREA	
S.NO	BLOCK	GROUND FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	FIRST FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	SECOND FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	THIRD FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	GROUND FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	FIRST FLOOR SQ.MT	SECOND FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT	THIRD FLOOR AREA IN SQ.MT
9	PANNA DHAI HOSTEL	376.53	376.53	382.3	382.3	447.6	435.97	435.97	435.97
10	MEERA HOSTEL	323.13	323.13	323.13	323.13	386.87	381.68	381.68	381.68
11	GUEST HOUSE	229.94	223.58	223.58	223.58	295.78	258.82	258.82	258.82
12	STAFF QUARTERS(1 BHK)	285.11	285.11	285.11	285.11	367.6	362.67	362.67	362.67
13	STAFF QUARTER	276.99	276.99	276.99	276.99	353.84	349.18	349.18	349.18
14	ANNAPURNA MESS	613.7	0	0	0	708.4	0	0	0
	TOTAL	19190.37	28306.8	17066.65	15086.78	20856.78	20128.64	18566.52	16472.78





Mewar university from Google map



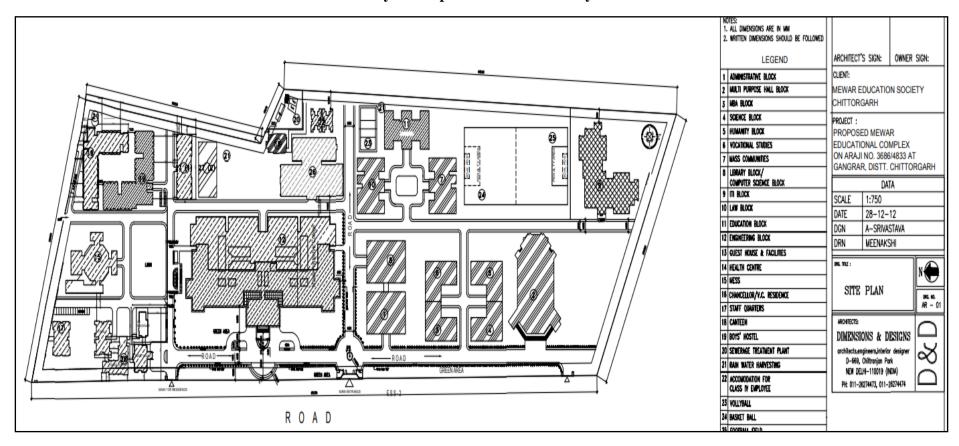
Figure 1.1: - Satellite Image of Mewar university from Google map





1.3 MEWAR UNIVERSITY LAYOUT OF VARIOUS BUILDINGS

Layout map of Mewar University







1.4Environment Auditing

Environment audits can be a highly valuable tool for an institute in a wide range of ways to improve their energy, environment, and economic performance. while reducing wastages and operating costs. Environmentaudits provide a basis for calculating the economic benefits of water conservation projects by establishing the current rates of water use and their associated cost.

1.5Objectives of Environment audit

The general objective of the environmental audit is to conduct a water audit and preparation of baseline report on water conservation measures to mitigate consumption and improve quality and sustainable practices.

The specific objectives are:

- **4** To monitor freshwater consumption in the university and water conservation practices.
- ♣ To assess the quantity of water, usage,the quantity of wastewater generation, and their reduction within the university.

1.6 Target Areas of Environment audit

This indicator addresses water sources, water consumption, irrigation, stormwater, appliances, and fixtures aquifer depletion, and water contamination are taking place at unprecedented rates. It is therefore essential that any environmentally responsible institution should examine its water use practices.

1.7Methodology followed for conducting Environmentaudit





Step 1: Walkthrough survey

- ♣ Understanding of existing water sourcing, storage, and distribution facility.
- ♣ Assessing the water demand and water consumption areas/processes.
- ♣ Preparation of detailed water circuit diagram.

Step 2: Secondary Data Collection

- ♣ Analyse historic water use and wastewater generation
- **♣** Field measurements for estimating current water use
- Metered & unmetered supplies.
- ♣ Understanding of "base" flow and usage trends at the site
- **♣** Past water bills

Step 3: Site Environment Audit Planning (based on on-site operations and practices)

- Preparation of water flow diagram to quantify water use at various locations
- **♣** Wastewater flow measurement and sampling plan

Step 4: Conduction of Detailed Environment Audit& Measurements

- Conduction of field measurements to quantify water/wastewater streams
- **♣** Power measurement of pumps/motors
- ♣ Preparation of water balance diagram
- **Lestablishing water consumption pattern**
- ♣ Detection of potential leaks & water losses in the system
- ♣ Assessment of productive and unproductive usage of water
- ♣ Determine key opportunities for water consumption reduction, reuse & recycle.

Step 5: Preparation of Environment Audit Report

- ♣ Documentation of collected &analysedwater balancing and measurement details
- ♣ Projects and procedures to maximize water savings and minimize water losses.
- Opportunities for water conservation based on reducing/recycling/reuse and recharge options

CHAPTER- 2 WATER CONSUMPTION AND WASTEWATER SOURCES





2.1 Details of source of fresh water and use areas:

The main source of freshwater is bore well for the university. The freshwater is mainly used for drinking, housekeeping, gardening, domestic activity, and new construction project. Details of the pumpsare given in the table.

Table: 2.1 Details of Freshwater sources.

Sr. No.	Fresh Water Sources	Location	Motor Power (HP)	Remark
1	Open Well	The back side of the Sanga hostel	10	For Freshwater Supply
2	Borewell-01	Near Open Well	5	For Freshwater Supply
3	Borewell-02	The back side of the Mess	3	For Freshwater Supply
4	Borewell-03	Near Temple	7.5	For Freshwater Supply
5	Borewell-04	Near STP Plant	5	For Freshwater Supply
6	Borewell-05	Near MBA building	3	For Freshwater Supply
7	Transfer Pump-01	UG Tank Near Mess	5	Transfer Pump
8	Transfer Pump-02	UG Tank Near Khajuri	5	Transfer Pump
9	Transfer Pump-03	UG Tank Near Khajuri	5	Transfer Pump
10	Transfer Pump-04	UG Tank near MBA Tank	7.5	Transfer Pump
11	Transfer Pump-05	STP outlet	5	Transfer Pump





2.2 Power measurement on bore wells

Table 2.2: - Power measurement of bore wells.

Sr.No.	Fresh Water Sources	Location	Motor Power(HP)	Voltage	Current	Power Factor	Power Consumption (kW)	Working (Hr./day)
1	Open Well	Back side of sanga hostel	10	406	12	0.801	6.8	16
2	Borewell-01	Near Open Well	5	408	11.6	0.834	6.8	16
3	Borewell-02	Back side of Mess	3	403	5.3	0.84	3.1	14
4	Borewell-03	Borewell-03 Near Temple				Under Maint	enance	
5	Borewell-04	Near STP Plant	5	406	6.5	0.89	4.1	16
6	Borewell-05	Near MBA building	3	405	6.3	0.84	3.7	16
7	Transfer Pump	UG Tank Near Mess	5	408	11.2	0.85	6.7	10
8	Transfer Pump -01	UG Tank Near Khajuri	5			Under Maint	enance	
9	Transfer Pump -02	UG Tank Near Khajuri	5	404	10.4	0.78	5.7	12
10	Transfer Pump	er Pump UG Tank near MBA Tank				Under Maint	enance	
11	Transfer Pump	STP outlet	5	405	8.3	0.86	5.0	12





2.3 Water Accounting &metering system:

It was observed that there is a requirement for water flow meters on borewells to quantify per day groundwater extraction from different sources.







2.4Water storage capacity in university campus: -

There are different types of tanks available in the university for water storage like Underground RCC tanks, Overhead RCC tanks, PVC tanks, etc.

Table2.3: - Water Storage tank in university campus

Sr. No	Location	Type of Tank	Unit Capacity (Litre)	Quantity	Total Capacity (Litre)	Total Capacity (Kilo Litre)
1	Administrative and Academic Block, Annapurna Mess and Education Block	Underground (RCC tank)	1,00,000	4	4,00,000	400
2	Administrative and Academic Block	Overhead tank (RCC)	40,000	2	80,000	80
3	Guest House	Overhead tank (RCC) Overhead tank	30,000	1	30,000	30
4	Workshop	(RCC)	50,000	1	50,000	50
5	MBA Building	Overhead tank (RCC)	30,000	1	30,000	30
6	Panna Girls hostel	Overhead tank (RCC)	15,000	1	15,000	15
7	Annapurna Mess	Overhead tank (RCC)	30, 000	1	30,000	30
8	2 BHK residency	Overhead tank (RCC)	15,000	1	15,000	15
9	1 BHK Residency	Overhead tank (RCC)	30,000	2	60,000	60
10	1 BHK Residency (B- Block)	Overhead tank (RCC)	30,000	4	1.20.000	120
11	Kumba Hostel	Overhead tank (RCC)	20,000	2	40,000	40
12	Pratap Hostel	Overhead tank (RCC)	20,000	2	40,000	40
13	Sanga Hostel	Overhead tank (RCC)	30,000	2	60,000	60
14	Bhabha Sah (International Hostel)	Overhead tank (RCC)	40,000	2	80,000	80
15	Meera Girls Hostel	Overhead tank (RCC)	20,000	1	20,000	20
	Total Water Stora	age Capacity of Mewa	r university:	-	1, 70,000	1,070





2.5 Water use areason University Campus: -

Water is preliminary used for drinking, domestic, gardening, and clinicalactivity. The audit team visited various departments and buildings to determine appliances. The details of the washroom, toilet, and taps are given on the table

Table: 2.4Details of washroom and Uses Taps in various areas

			Admin block			
Sr.No.	Location	Urinals	Hand wash	Toilets	Taps	Drinking Taps
1	Basement	10	20	22	40	
2	First floor	10	24	26	53	18
3	Second floor	15	20	31	62	16
4	Third floor	22	23	35	70	
			M.B.A. Block			
Sr.No.	Location	Urinals	Hand wash	Toilets	Taps	Drinking Taps
1	Ground floor	3	6	7	8	3
2	First floor	3	6	5	10	3
3	Second floor	3	6	5	10	5
4	Third floor	3	6	4	10	5
			Engineering Bloo	ck		
Sr.No.	Location	Urinals	Hand wash	Toilets	Taps	Drinking Taps
1	Ground floor	3	4	8	10	4
2	First floor	5	3	6	8	4
3	Second floor	3	4	6	10	4

Sr. No.	Location	Urinals	Hand wash	Toilet	Bathroom	Taps	Drinking Taps
1	Bhamashah International Hostel	0	114	114	0	228	4
2	Sanga Boys Hostel	16	28	32	32	64	16
3	Kumbha Boys Hostel	16	24	32	32	64	16
4	Pratap Boys Hostel	24	48	48	48	96	8
5	Panna Dhai Girls Hostel	0	12	32	32	64	16
6	SC Meera Girls Hostel	0	12	24	24	48	8





2.6 Details of RO in University Campus.

Table 2.5: - Details of RO on the campus.

Sr. no	Location	Capacity (Litre)	Quantity
1	Main Building	500	1
2	Veg Mess	500	1
3	Kumbha Hostel	100	1
4	Pratap Hostel	100	1
5	Sanga Hostel	100	1
6	Panna Hostel	100	1
7	Guest house	50	1
8	Meera Hostel	100	1
9	1 BHK (B- Block)	50	1
10	MBA Building	100	1
11	BhamaShah International Hostel	50	1





2.7 Freshwaterusesforgardening

The one of major contribution from fresh water consumption is watering for other plants

inInstitutedcampus. Thereisgoodpotentialforwatersavingbyadopt"AutomaticWatering 360adjustablemistingnozzleirrigationDripper'ssystem"forplants.Adjustabledripirrigatio n tools to provide different amounts of water depending on the water requirements of different plants. The drip speed can be set as for indoor and outdoor plants.





Proposed Adjust able Misting Nozzle Irrigation Drippers**Proposedwatertimer**

Observation:-

Lt is observedthat there is directwater supplyto the plant bythe pipingsystem



2.8Waste water generation sources: -





At present wastewater is generated from various departments, canteen, mess, hostels likewashrooms, handwash, and washing of medical equipment in Pharmacy department and RO rejected water treated in STP plants. After that treated water university to be reused in gardening.

Table: - 2.6 Wastewater generation area on the university campus

Sr. No	Key Water Usage Section	Type of water used (raw, treated, etc.)	Water Consuming activities
1	Admin Block	Fresh Water	Drinking and other uses
2	Hostels	Fresh Water	Drinking, Food cooking, other Uses
3	Institution Buildings	Fresh Water	Drinking and other uses
4	Canteens /Mess	Fresh Water	Food cooking, drinking
5	Residential	Fresh Water	Drinking, domestic and other activities
6	Guest House	Fresh Water	Drinking and other uses





RAINWATER HARVESTING SYSTEM

3.1. Rainwater Harvesting systems

Rainwater harvesting is a technique to capture the rainwater when it precipitates, store that water for direct use or charge the groundwater and use it later.

There are typically four components in a rainwater harvesting system:

- **♣** Roof Catchment.
- Collection.
- **Transport.**
- Infiltration or storagetank and use.

If rainwater is not harvested and channelizedit runoffs quickly and flows out through storm-water drains. For storm-water management, the recharge pits, percolation pits, and porous trenches are constructed to allow stormwater to infiltrate inside the soil.

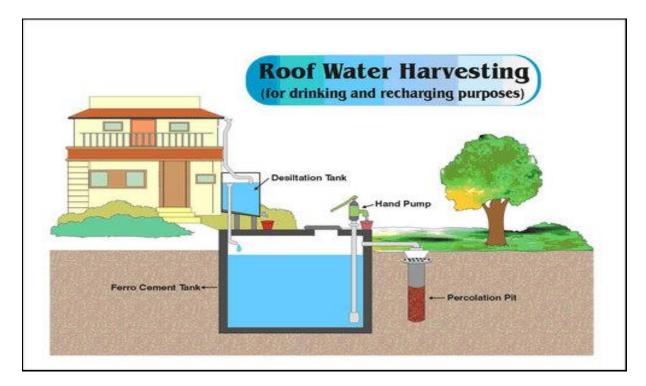


Figure: - 3.1 Components of a rooftop rainwater harvesting system





3.2 Rainwater Harvesting Potential of the College

The university has a total built-up area is approx. 16,472**m**². The average annual rainfall of 1.064 m and runoff coefficient of 0.88 is considered for commercial building. Accordingly, to the above figures and consideration, the estimated rainwater harvesting potential for the university is about 15,423**m**³/year. The following mathematical equation is used for the calculation.

RWH Potential = Rainfall (m) x Area of catchment (m²) x Runoff coefficient





END OF THE REPORT THANKS